GDPR



- Thank you for attending this session. Any details you have provided us with today may be securely shared between the Environment Agency and Local Authority in support of your community volunteer role.
- If you have any questions regarding GDPR please email floodwessex@environmentagency.gov.uk

Housekeeping



 Please use the chat throughout the sessions to ask questions or add comments



· Please keep yourself on mute when not talking



 Please use the hand up button, when you want to ask a question.



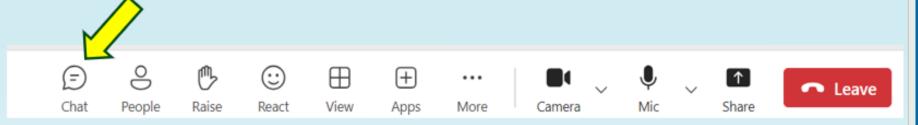
- · Please be respectful of others' thoughts and opinions.
- We will have an opportunity for questions at the end.

ACTION



Please put your, name and community in the chat.

To open the chat function – click on the icon below.
 You will see it at the top of your screen:



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Flash Flooding

Online Lunch and Learn July 17, 2025

Emma Giffard
Flood Resilience Engagement Advisor

Climate Change & Extreme Events

Met Office How does Climate Change affect rainfall intensity globally?

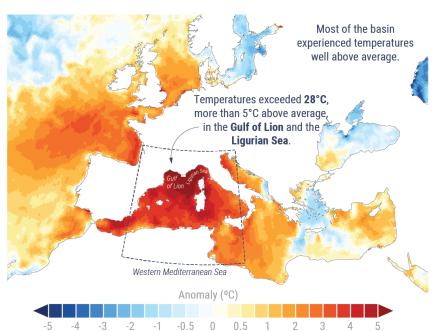
Natural Climate **Future Climate** (without human influence) (with warmer air) For every 1°C more that Warm, moist air ...creating heavier rain. the air warms, it can hold rises to form clouds... about 7% more water... and then falls as rain. This could lead to a greater risk of flash flooding.

Increased ocean temperatures lead to higher rainfall extremes

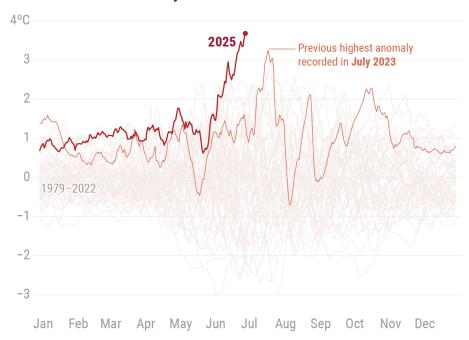
Sea surface temperature anomaly in the western Mediterranean Sea

Data: ERA5 • Reference period: 1991-2020 • Credit: C3S/ECMWF

Anomalies on 30 June 2025



Daily anomalies since 1979







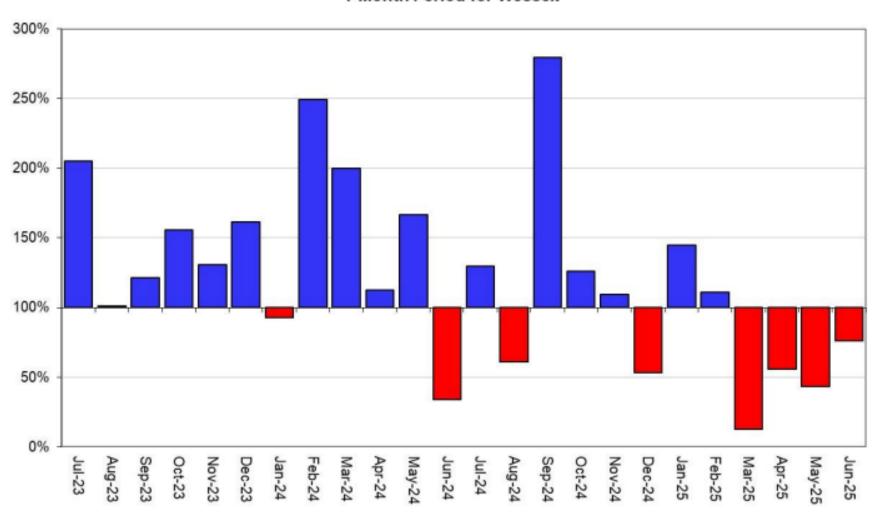




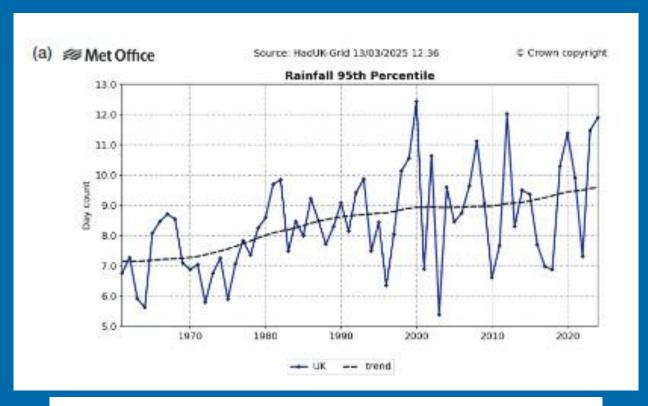
Jet Stream Blocking



1-Month Period for Wessex



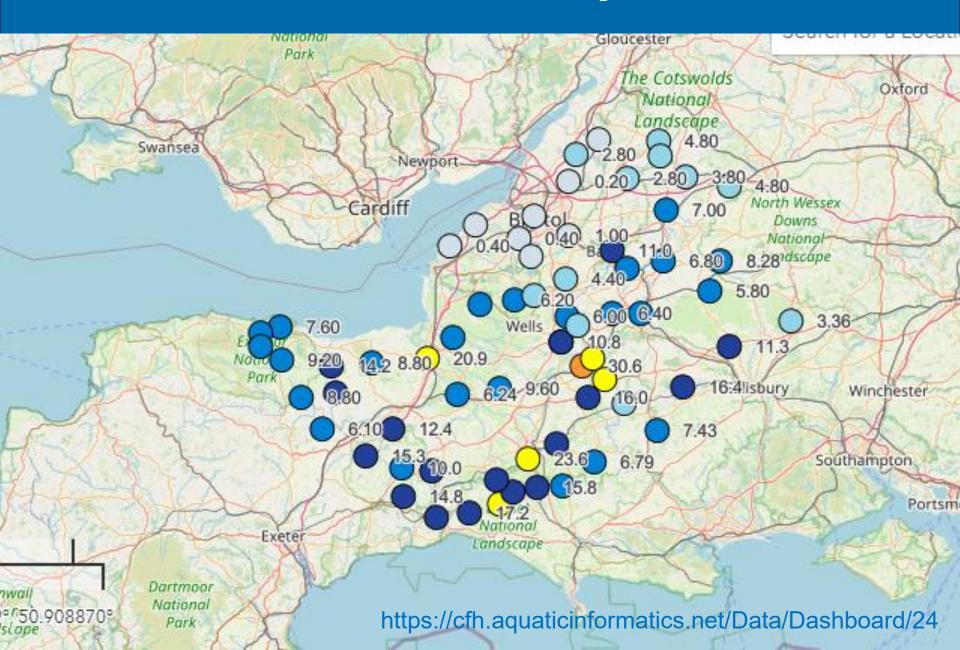
Met Office State of the UK Climate Report



	1961- 1990	1991- 2020	2015- 2024	2024
95% (days)	7.7	8.9	9.3	11.9
99% (days)	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.8



Rainfall Totals – 9 May 2023



What is flash flooding?

- 1 Intense rainfall
- Occurs suddenly, little warning
- Deep, fast flowing water
- Dangerous Severe risk to life
- Very destructive
- Rare, but it's important to prepare



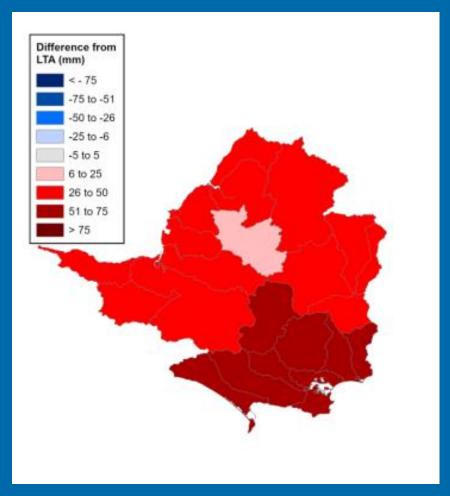
Flash Flood Risk: Thunderstorms

Severe & localised
Thunder & lightning
Heavy rain or hail
Strong winds
Sudden temperature
changes
Can occur all year round
but most common during
summer





Ground Conditions



Dry, cracked soils repel water rather than letting it soak in as wet soil would. Rain pools on the surface and runoff rates increase – leading to a greater risk of flash flooding.

Soil Moisture Deficit as % of Long Term Average, 30 June 2025

Source: Wessex Area Water Situation Report June 2025



Summer Flood Risks

People entering floodwater

Tourists and people unfamiliar with the area

Lack of awareness of flood risk





Vulnerable Sites

Campsites & tents
Residential Park Homes
Caravans





People in singlestorey dwellings, basements, boats, or wooden structures



Rapid Response Catchments

Some characteristics make a location more susceptible and vulnerable to flash flooding







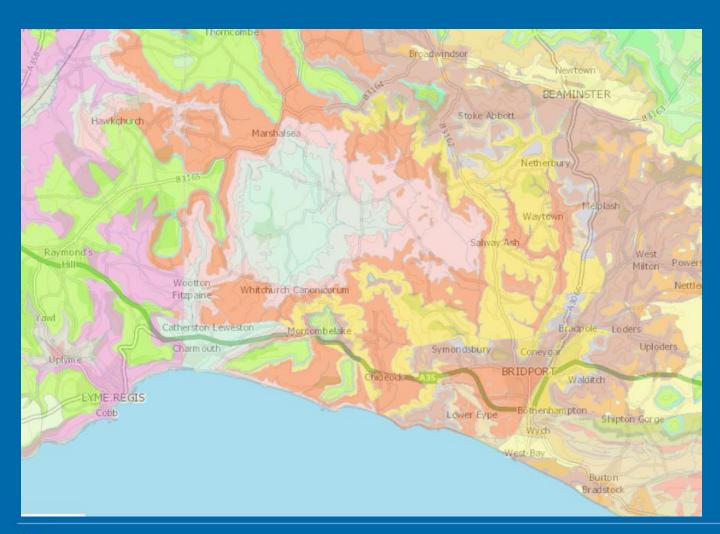
Narrow, steep sided valleys







Impermeable geology

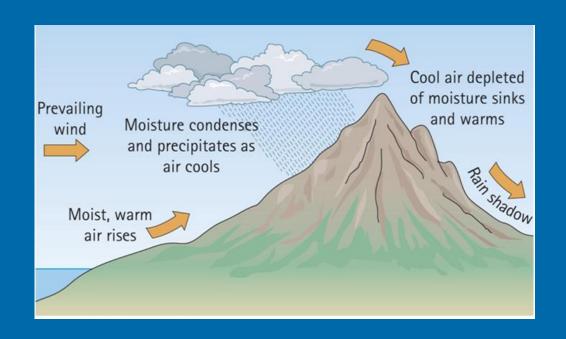


Soil that cannot absorb water easily, like clay and rock



Areas with intense rainfall

Orographic enhancement – more rain on the windward side of the hill





Obstructions across watercourse & human alterations

- Culverts
- Footbridges
- Driveways
- Canalised watercourses









Land use

Areas with few trees or vegetation
Intensive agriculture
Areas that contain mines





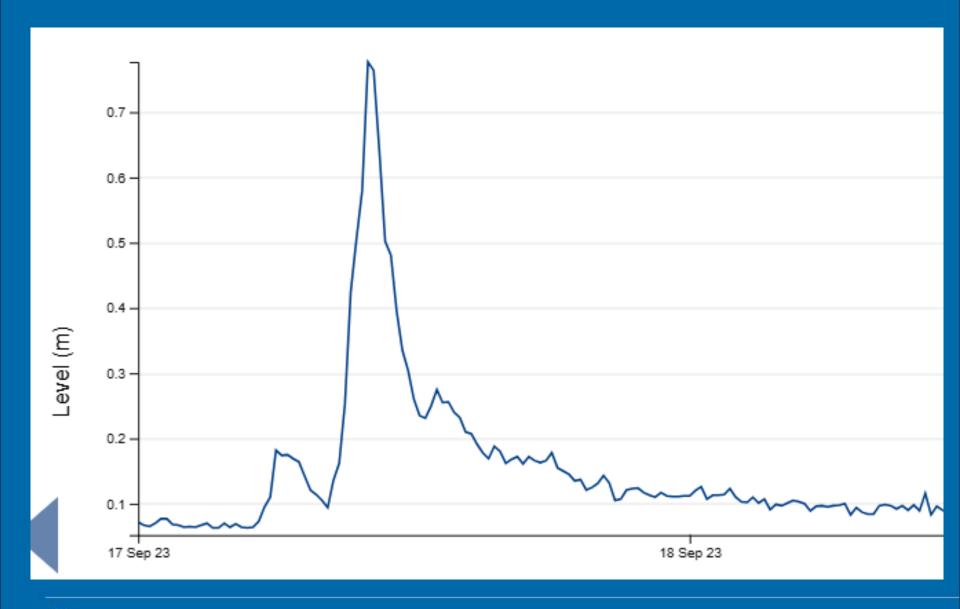
Urban environments

- Highways drains may quickly become blinded by debris
- Road gullies typically designed for 1:1 to 1:5 rainfall event – extreme events will cause surface water flooding
- 26% increase in hard surfacing of London's gardens between 1999 and 2007











Danger: Driving into Flood Water

Vehicle related deaths leading cause of flood fatalities

Just 30cm of fast flowing water can move a car





Don't Become a Casualty that needs rescuing









Danger: Debris in the water





Danger: Damage to buildings and infrastructure







Danger: Contaminants





Most flash floods happen in places where there has not been a big flood in recent memory

15 August 1952 - Lynmouth



230mm of rain, with 150mm in just a few hours

West Lyn River rose 60 feet above normal level

34 people killed

Similar floods in 1607 and 1796



Wey Valley 18 July 1955

- •279mm in 24hr period still stands as highest 24hr UK rainfall record
- Severe thunderstorms
- •Rapid surface water run-off
- River reached 'bankfull' quickly
- •Bridge obstruction caused a 'temporary dam'
- •Communities located in narrow valley next to river

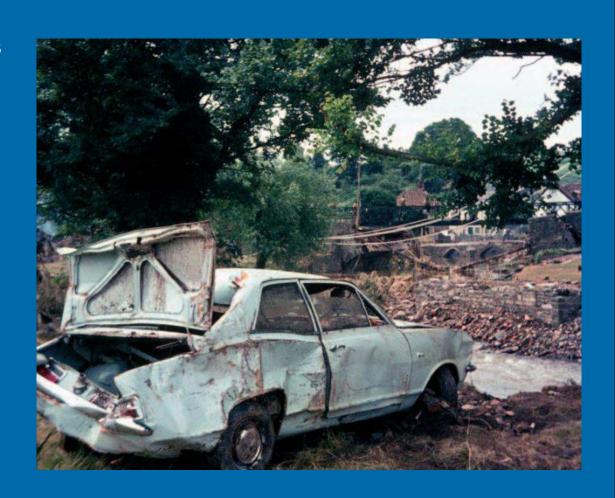






Chew Valley – July 10 1968

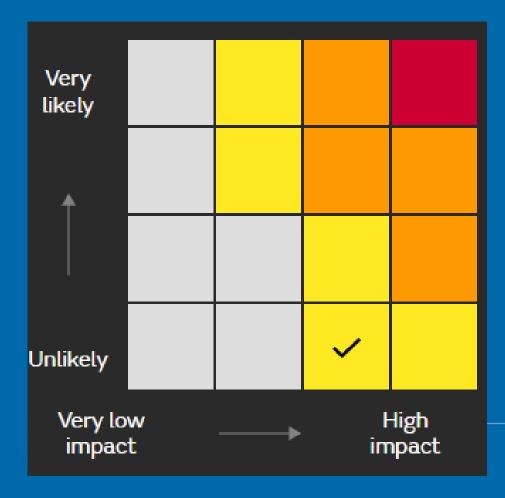
- •172mm rainfall in 18 hours
- Railway viaduct damaged so badly it never reopened
- Debris built up behind bridges creating dams
- •A bridge collapse on the Winford Brook created a domino effect, with a surge of water then knocking out bridges downstream





Weather Warnings

Understand what weather warnings mean



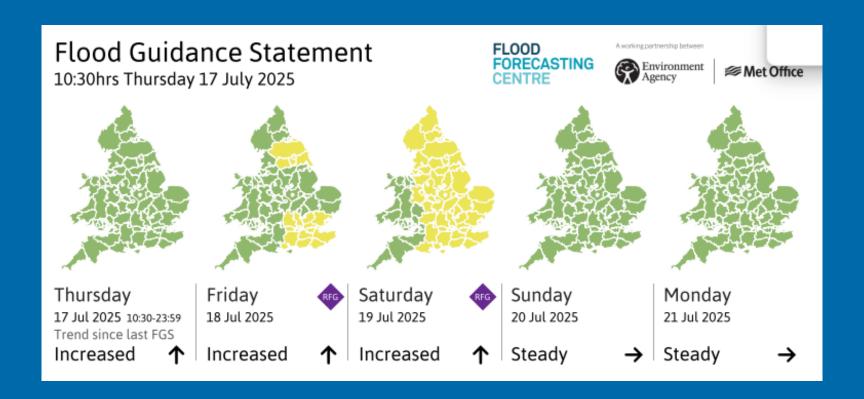
Met Office defends Storm Bert weather warning





Warnings – Rapid Flood Guidance

Service for emergency responders – community emergency volunteers can sign up





Forecasting can only do so much

Although forecasting now accurately predicts when storms will occur, it cannot precisely predict where they will hit. This is similar to heating water on a hob. Predicting when it boils is possible, but where each bubble forms is far harder.

Rob Thompson, Postdoctoral Research Scientist in Meteorology at the University of Reading.



Flood Warnings



Make sure you are signed up to Flood Warnings

Be aware Flash Flooding can occur in areas not covered by the Flood Warning Service

Open Toolbars







Flash Flooding may happen too fast for any Warnings to go out

Deleted tweets, missed warnings and calls for the 'hangman': the bitter political fallout from Spain's floods

The region's president responds to criticisms that he was slow to act by attacking the prime minister





speint/lapparealencie-political-fell of the programment times-hit Paiporta, Valencia. Photograph: Biel Aliño/EPA

Government Emergency Alerts

Used in Cumbria flooding

Used when Met Office issued Red Severe Weather Warnings

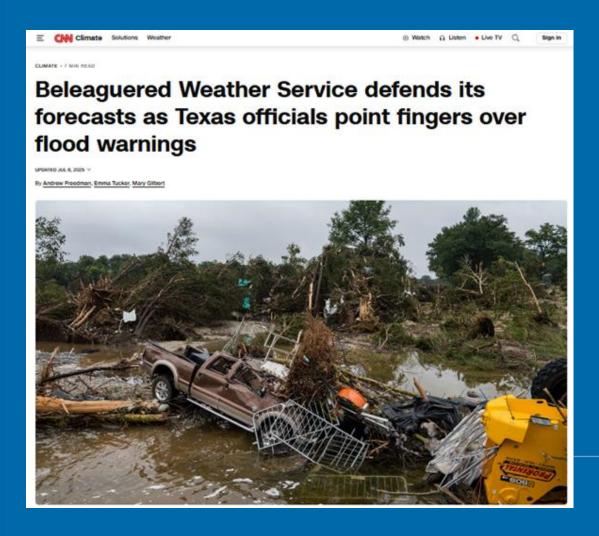
Flash floods could occur too quickly for the system to be activated

Reports of flash flooding may not be substantiated in time





The 'Last Mile': Warnings need to be heard to be heeded



Warnings might not be delivered:

Phone switched off at night

Patchy phone signal

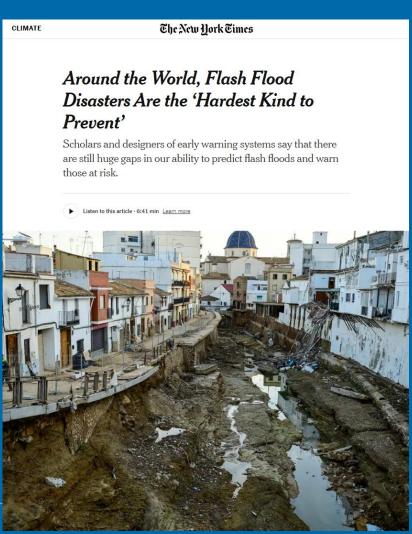
Visitors to the area

Warnings need to be heeded to be acted on

Warnings balance uncertainty and risk

False alarms undermine the credibility of the early warning system with the public

People may not understand the significance of warnings





What should you do in a flash flood?

To make yourself safer during flash flooding:

- if it is safe, move to higher ground or the upper floor of a building
- do not walk or drive through the flood water
- do what the emergency services tell you
- call 999 if you are trapped or need emergency help
- Shallow flood water (around 15cm or 6 inches) that does not look dangerous can knock a person over or conceal hazards.
- Do not use flimsy or temporary structures − like a tent or a caravan − for shelter during flash flooding.



What can you do?

Raise the awareness of flash flooding risk in your community and actions to take





What can you do to prepare?

Check your Flood Risk

Make sure you are signed up to receive the right flood alerts and warnings





www.gov.uk/flood



What can you do to prepare?

Develop a community flood plan Write a personal flood plan

Personal floor	plan -		Environment
Ne you signed up to receive frex call Floodline on 0345 fyour area receives free for	988 1188 to see	now when you've completed your flood help us learn more about how people	plan by calling floodline on 0345 988 1188 , are preparing for flooding.
General contact list	Company name	Contact name	Telephone
Nootline	(nvironment Agency		0345 998 1188
Electricity provider			
Sas provider			
Rister company			
Telephone provider			
insurance company and policy number			
local council			
Local radio station			
Inavel/weather info			
Ery locations			
Service salt off	Description of location		
Dectricity			
Gas			
Rater			
Who can help/who can you	help?		
Relationship	Name	Contact details	New cast they/you beig?
bristive			
friend or neighbour			
			prepared for flooding. Act now





What can you do to prepare?

Property flood resilience









Dates for your diary

Bradford-on-Avon Flood Drop-in with Flood Mary & The Flood Pod, Monday 21 July, Holy Trinity Church, Bradford-on-Avon, 2-6.30pm

Wiltshire Flood Resilience Drop-In, Wednesday 6th August, Marlborough Town Hall

Wiltshire Flood Resilience Drop-In, Tuesday 19th August Salisbury Guildhall

Flood Mary & The Flood Pod, Thursday 25th September Archie Gooch Pavillion, Ilminster

Somerset Prepared Annual Resilience Day, 15th October Taunton Racecourse

To register your interest and for more details email: floodwessex@environmentagency.gov.uk

Future lunch and learn session topics



- Q&A Session Thurs, 21 August (online)
- Introduction to the Flood Warden Role Thurs, 18 September (online)
- Flood risk management (how it works, how partners work together, who does what) – Thurs, 23 October (online)
- Local Resilience Forums (LRF) and how they work Thurs, 27
 November (online)



Your Environment Agency Flood Resilience Team



How we help flood wardens:

- Assist with flood plans/action cards
- Guidance and advice
- Flood warden workshops and flood plan exercises
- Quarterly Newsletters
- Resilience Workshops for flood wardens and community emergency volunteers

floodwessex@environment-agency.gov.uk





Communities Prepared offer self-led online modules for emergency volunteers, as well as interactive webinars: www.communitiesprepared.org.uk

The **Met Office** offer courses for Emergency Responders on a range of subjects including weather hazards and climate change:

<u>met-office-2024-online-community-resillience-training-prospectus.pdf</u> (<u>metoffice.gov.uk</u>)

The **FloodHub** website contains useful information and guides: https://thefloodhub.co.uk/

Mary Dhonau's website has useful information on Property Flood Resilience and flood recovery: Home - Flood Mary



Supporting Materials



 Register online – free of charge - to access the 'Members area' for handbooks and the 'Learning Space' for online courses









www.communitiesprepared.org.uk

Any Questions?



